

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
1A Colvard fine sandy loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish brown sandy floodplain soils; developed in alluvial materials derived from upland soil material weathered from predominantly metamorphic and crystalline rocks	Slight 0.32, 0.20 B	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; rare ponding Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED flooding potential	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IIw
2A Codorus loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on floodplains; developed in alluvium washed from crystalline and metamorphic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.28, 0.24 C	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: very low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED flooding potential	SECONDARY CROPLAND	VERY HIGH	IIw
3A Suches loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish brown silty soils on floodplains; developed in alluvium washed from metamorphic and crystalline rocks	Slight 0.28, 0.24 B	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; rare ponding Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED flooding potential	SECONDARY CROPLAND	HIGH	IIw
4A Hatboro silt loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%	Very deep, poorly drained, gray loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on concave depressions in floodplains; developed in alluvium washed from crystalline and metamorphic rocks; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.37, 0.20 D	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; high water table Bearing Capacity: very low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED flooding potential	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	IIIw
5A Rowland silt loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%	Very deep, moderately well drained, mottled yellowish-brown and weak red silty soils with high water tables on floodplains; developed in alluvium from Triassic uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.43, 0.43 C	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: very low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED flooding potential	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	IIw

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6A	Very deep, somewhat poorly to poorly drained, gray and strong brown clayey soils in back channels and depressions in floodplains; developed from alluvium washed from Triassic uplands; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.32, 0.28 D	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; high water table Bearing Capacity: very low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED flooding potential	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY HIGH	IIIw
Bowmansville silt loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%							
7A	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils on narrow floodplains; developed in alluvium washed from Triassic uplands	Slight 0.37, 0.28 B	VERY POOR within 100-year floodplain; occasional flooding; rare ponding Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR flooding potential	PRIME CROPLAND	HIGH	I
Bermudian silt loam; occasionally flooded 0 - 2%							
8A**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on floodplains; developed in alluvium washed from crystalline and metamorphic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.28, 0.24 C	VERY POOR Within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; high water table Bearing Capacity: very low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED flooding potential	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	
Codorus Variant loam; frequently flooded 0 - 2%							
9A	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; contains 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.37 C	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events; surface stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VI _s
Mongle loam, very stony 0 - 2%							

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9B** Mongle loam, very stony 2 - 7%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; contains 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.37 C	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events; surface stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	
10A Mongle loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.37 C	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events; surface stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	IVw
10B** Mongle loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.37 C	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events; surface stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	
11A Rohrersville loam; stony 0 - 2%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish-yellow loam soils with intermittent high water tables in drainageways; developed in recent greenstone colluvium/alluvium washed from steep rocky slopes; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.43 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	IIIw

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12A Rohrersville loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish-yellow loam soils with intermittent high water tables in drainageways; developed in recent greenstone colluvium/alluvium; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.43 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	IIIw
13A** Sumerduck loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, strong brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in drainageways; developed in alluvium and colluvium from adjacent uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table landscape position	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
13B Sumerduck loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, strong brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in drainageways; developed in alluvium and colluvium from adjacent uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table landscape position	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IVw
14A** Sowego loam 0 - 2%	Deep, well to moderately-well drained dark reddish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave upland landscapes (swales) and drainageways; developed in local colluvium and residuum of materials derived from Triassic siltstone, shale and conglomerate; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.24 B	POOR frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	

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14B	Deep, well to moderately-well drained dark reddish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave upland landscapes (swales) and drainageways; developed in local colluvium and residuum of materials derived from Triassic siltstone, shale and conglomerate; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.24 B	POOR frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Sowego loam 2 - 7%							
14C**	Deep, well to moderately-well drained dark reddish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave upland landscapes (swales) and drainageways; developed in local colluvium and residuum of materials derived from Triassic siltstone, shale and conglomerate; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.24 B	POOR frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Sowego loam 7 - 15%							
15A**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave swales and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from crystalline and metamorphic uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.28 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Seneca loam 0 - 2%							
15B**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave swales and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from crystalline uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink- swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Seneca loam 2 - 7%							

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			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
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15C** Seneca loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave swales and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from crystalline uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
16A** Meadowville silt loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables in concave uplands and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
16B** Meadowville silt loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables in concave uplands and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
16C** Meadowville silt loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables in concave uplands and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	

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17A** Middleburg loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils in concave swales and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from crystalline uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	HIGH	
17B Middleburg loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils in concave swales and along small drainageways; developed in recent colluvium from mixed basic and acidic rock; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	HIGH	Ile
17C** Middleburg loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils in concave swales and head of drainageways; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from crystalline uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR frequent flooding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	HIGH	
18B** Tankerville – Purcellville loam, very rocky 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy (Tankerville) and very deep, well drained , strong brown silty (Purcellville) soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; 2-10% rock outcrop and 0.1-3% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	POOR shallow to rock; rock outcrop; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
18C Tankerville – Purcellville loam, very rocky 7 - 15%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy (Tankerville) and very deep, well drained , strong brown silty (Purcellville) soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; 2-10% rock outcrop and 0.1-3% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	POOR shallow to rock; rock outcrop; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	Vis

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18D	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; 2-10% rock outcrop and 3-15% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	High 0.32, 0.24 c	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	VI _s
Tankerville loam, very rocky 15 - 25%							
18E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes; 2-10% rock outcrop and 1-20% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR steep slopes; rock outcrops; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	LOW	VII _e
Tankerville loam, very rocky 25 - 45%							
18F**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes; 2-10% rock outcrop and 1-20% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR steep slopes; rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville loam, very rocky 45 - 65%							
19B**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; 10 to 25% rock outcrops; loose stones and/or boulders cover 0 to 45% of the surface.; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR rock outcrops; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville-Rock outcrop complex 2 - 7%							
19C**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; 10 to 25% rock outcrops; loose stones and/or boulders cover 0 to 45% of the surface.; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR rock outcrops; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville-Rock outcrop complex 7 - 15%							
19D	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes and 10 to 25% rock outcrops; loose stones and/or boulders cover 0 to 45% of the surface.; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	High 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR steep slopes; rock outcrops; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	LOW	VII _s
Tankerville-Rock outcrop complex 15 - 25%							
19E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes and 10 to 25% rock outcrop; 0-60% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR steep slopes, rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	LOW	VII _s
Tankerville-Rock outcrop complex 25 - 45%							

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19F**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes and 10 to 25% rock outcrop; 0-60% stones and/or boulders cover the surface; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville-Rock outcrop complex		0.32, 0.24	steep slopes, rock outcrops	steep slopes			
45 - 65%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	rock outcrops			
20B**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils (Tankerville) and very deep, well drained, strong brown fine-silty soils (Purcellville) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; 0.1 – 2% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville – Purcellville complex, rocky		0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C - B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
20C	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils (Tankerville) and very deep, well drained, strong brown fine-silty soils (Purcellville) on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; 0.1 – 2% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	IIIe
Tankerville – Purcellville complex, rocky		0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		C - B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
20D	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils (Tankerville) and very deep, well drained, strong brown fine-silty soils (Purcellville) on moderately steep backslopes; 0.1 – 2% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	High	POOR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	IVe
Tankerville – Purcellville complex, rocky		0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28	steep slopes; shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
15 - 25%		C - B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
20E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse- loamy soils on steep backslopes; 0.1 – 2% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	VIIe
Tankerville loam; rocky		0.32, 0.24	steep slopes; shallow to rock	steep slopes			
25 - 45%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
21A**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on near level summits and backslopes; developed in residuum from, augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Slight	GOOD	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Edneytown loam		0.28, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
0 - 2%		B					

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			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
21B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from, augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Moderate	GOOD	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Edneytown loam		0.28, 0.24					
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
21C	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from, augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Moderate	GOOD	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
Edneytown loam		0.28, 0.24					
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
21D	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from, augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IVe
Edneytown loam		0.28, 0.24	steep slopes	steep slopes			
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
21E	SEE MAP UNIT 121E						
22B	Very deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Purcellville) and very deep, moderately well drained, brownish yellow loamy soils (Swampoodle) with intermittent high water tables on broad summits and slight depressions; may have shrink-swell clay in subsoil; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Purcellville - Swampoodle complex		0.32, 0.28	intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity	intermittent high water table percs slow			
2 - 7%		B - C	Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: high				
23B	Very deep, well drained, strong brown fine-silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Moderate	GOOD	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
Purcellville loam		0.32, 0.28					
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
23C	Very deep, well drained, strong brown fine-silty soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Moderate	GOOD	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
Purcellville loam		0.32, 0.28					
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
23D3**	Very deep, well drained, strong brown fine-silty soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
Purcellville loam; gullied		0.32, 0.28	steep slopes	Steep slopes			
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
24B Edgemont-Culpeper complex 2 – 7%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) and very deep, well drained, red clayey soils (Culpeper) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.37, 0.28 B - C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
24C Edgemont loam 7 – 15%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
24D** Edgemont loam 15 – 25%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	High 0.32, 0.28 B	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly steep slopes	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IVe
25B** Hazel – Edgemont complex 2- 7%	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
25C Hazel – Edgemont complex; rocky 7- 15%	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; 0.1 to 2% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	IIIe
25C3** Hazel – Edgemont complex; gullied 7- 15%	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes with gullies ; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	POOR shallow to rock; gullies Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock gullies	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
25D	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on narrow summits and moderately steep backslopes; 0.1 to 2% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	High 0.32, 0.24 C	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes; rock outcrop Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes rock outcrop	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	IVe
25D3**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on moderately steep backslopes with gullies; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	High 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	POOR steep slope; shallow to rock; gullies Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR steep slope shallow to rock gullies	NOT SUITED	LOW	
25E	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes, developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR steep slopes; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes shallow to rock	NOT SUITED	LOW	VIIe
26B**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on undulating summits; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
26C	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
27C3	SEE MAP UNIT 26C						
28B**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils (Fauquier) and/or very deep, well drained, red loamy soils (Eubanks) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sheared granite or granodiorite intruded by dikes of greenstone - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Fauquier and/or Eubanks soils	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.32, 0.32 C - B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
28C	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils (Fauquier) and/or very deep, well drained, red loamy soils (Eubanks) on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sheared granite or granodiorite intruded by dikes of greenstone - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Fauquier and/or Eubanks soils	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.32, 0.32 C - B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	IIIe
28C3	SEE MAP UNIT 28C						
28D	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils (Fauquier) and very deep, well drained, red loamy soils (Eubanks) on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from sheared granite or granodiorite intruded by dikes of greenstone - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Fauquier and/or Eubanks soils	High 0.32, 0.28 – 0.32, 0.32 C - B	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL steep slopes percs slowly	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	IVe
28D3	SEE MAP UNIT 28D						
29C	SEE MAP UNIT 28C						
29D	SEE MAP UNIT 28D						
30B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy (Edneytown) soil and moderately deep, well drained dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from coarse-textured granite and granite gneiss; 0.1 to 2 percent rock outcrop	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 – 0.24, 0.24 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
30C	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown (Edneytown) loamy soil and moderately deep, well drained dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from coarse-textured granite and granite gneiss; 0.1 to 2 percent rock outcrop	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 – 0.24, 0.24 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVe
30D	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown (Edneytown) loamy soil and moderately deep, well drained dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on moderately steep backslopes in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from coarse-textured granite and granite gneiss; 0.1 to 2 percent rock outcrop	High 0.28, 0.24 – 0.24, 0.24 B	FAIR shallow to rock; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VIe

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
31B	Very deep, well drained, strong brown, fine-silty (Purcellville) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy (Tankerville) soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.32, 0.24 B - C	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	Ile
Purcellville – Tankerville complex 2 - 7%							
31C	Very deep, well drained, strong brown, fine-silty (Purcellville) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy (Tankerville) soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.32, 0.24 B - C	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	IIIe
Purcellville – Tankerville complex 7 - 15%							
31D	SEE MAP UNIT 20D						
33B**	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils on gently sloping backslopes and convex undulating summits; developed in residuum from sericite and biotite schist; gneiss and phyllites.	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Brinklow silt loam 2 - 7%							
33C**	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils on strongly sloping sideslopes; developed in residuum from sericite and biotite schist; gneiss and phyllites.	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Brinklow silt loam 7 – 15%							
33D	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from sericite and biotite schist; gneiss and phyllites.	High 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVe
Brinklow silt loam 15 - 25%							
33E	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from sericite and biotite schist; gneiss and phyllites.	High 0.37, 0.32 B	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	VIIe
Brinklow silt loam 25 - 45%							

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL		EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR			SELECTED USES		
SOIL NAME	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS		GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS	
SLOPE								
34B	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sericite, biotite schist and meta-monzonite granite	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile	
Yellowbottom loam		0.32, 0.28		percs slowly				
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate					
34C	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red clayey soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sericite, biotite schist and meta-monzonite granite	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe	
Yellowbottom loam		0.32, 0.28		percs slowly				
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate					
34D**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red clayey soils on moderately steep backslopes in dissected uplands; developed in residuum from sericite and biotite schist and gneiss	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE		
Yellowbottom loam		0.32, 0.28	steep slopes	percs slowly				
15 – 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	steep slopes				
35B	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes in dissected uplands; developed in residuum from sericite schist, phyllonite, and phyllite	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile	
Penhook silt loam		0.37, 0.32		percs slowly				
2 – 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate					
35C	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils strongly sloping backslopes in dissected uplands; developed in residuum from sericite schist, phyllonite, and phyllite	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe	
Penhook silt loam		0.37, 0.32		percs slowly				
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate					
35D**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils moderately steep backslopes in dissected uplands; developed in residuum from sericite schist, phyllonite, and phyllite	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE		
Penhook silt loam		0.37, 0.32	steep slopes	percs slowly				
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	steep slopes				
36C3	SEE MAP UNIT 35C							

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
38A**	Very deep, moderately well drained, brownish-yellow loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on broad summits and slight depressions; shrink-swell clays may occur in lower subsoil of some soil profiles; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.32, 0.28 C	VERY POOR occasional ponding; intermittent high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; possible shrink-swell clays Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Swampoodle loam 0 - 2%							
38B	Very deep, moderately well drained, mottled brownish-yellow and strong brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on broad summits and slight depressions; may have shrink-swell clay in subsoil; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	VERY POOR intermittent high water table; possible shrink-swell clays Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Swampoodle loam 2 - 7%							
40B**	Deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Myersville silt loam 2 - 7%							
40C	Deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	High 0.37, 0.32 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	IIIe
Myersville silt loam 7 - 15%							
40D	Deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on moderately steep backslopes; stones cover 0.02 – 0.1% of the soil surface; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	High 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR steep slopes; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR steep slopes shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	VIIs
Myersville silt loam, stony 15 - 25%							
40E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on steep backslopes; with cobbles and stones ranging from .01 – 0.1% on the soil surface; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	Very high 0.37, 0.32 C	VERY POOR very steep slopes; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes shallow to rock	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VIIe
Pignut silt loam, stony 25 - 45 %							

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
41B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish red silty soils (Alanthus) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Pignut) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; surface cover is represented by .05 – 4% stones, 0 – 4% cobbles and 0 – 0.1% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B - C	FAIR shallow to rock; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	
Alanthus – Pignut complex; very stony 2 - 7 %							
41C	Very deep, well drained, yellowish red silty soils (Alanthus) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Pignut) on strongly sloping backslopes; surface cover is represented by 0.1 – 3% stones, 0 – 3% cobbles and 0 – 0.01% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B - C	FAIR shallow to rock; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	VI
Alanthus – Pignut complex; very stony 7 - 15 %							
41D	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown (Pignut) and very deep, well drained, yellowish red (Alanthus) silty soils on moderately steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by 3 – 15% stones, 0 – 3% cobbles and 0 – 0.01% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	High 0.37, 0.32 C - B	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VII
Pignut – Alanthus complex, extremely stony 15 - 25%							
41E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by 3 – 15% stones, 0 – 3% cobbles and 0 – 0.01% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	Very high 0.37, 0.32 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes shallow to rock	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VII
Pignut silt loam, extremely stony 25 - 45%							
42C**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils and 10 – 25 % rock outcrop on strongly sloping backslopes; surface cover is represented by 1 – 15% cobbles, 3 – 25% stones, and 0 – 20% boulders; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 C	POOR rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED rock outcrops	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Pignut - Rock Outcrop complex 7 - 15%							
42D	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils and 15 – 25 % rock outcrop on moderately steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by 0 – 15% cobbles, 3 – 25% stones, and 0 – 20% boulders; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	High 0.37, 0.32 C	POOR steep slopes; rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes rock outcrops	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VII
Pignut - Rock Outcrop complex 15 - 25%							

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MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
42E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils and 15 – 25 % rock outcrop on steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by 0 – 15% cobbles, 3 – 25% stones, and 0 – 20% boulders; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	Very High 0.37, 0.32 C	VERY POOR very steep slopes; rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VIIe
Pignut - Rock Outcrop complex 25 - 45%							
43B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	HIGH	
Alanthus silt loam 2 – 7%							
43C	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	High 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	HIGH	IIIe
Alanthus silt loam 7 - 15%							
43D	SEE MAP UNIT 40D						
44B3	SEE MAP UNIT 45B						
44C3	SEE MAP UNIT 45C						
44D3	SEE MAP UNIT 45D						
45B	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from massive greenstone and chloritic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 c	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	HIGH	Ile
Fauquier silt loam 2 - 7%							
45C	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from massive greenstone and chloritic schist	High 0.32, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	IIIe
Fauquier silt loam 7 - 15%							
45D	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from massive greenstone and chloritic schist	Very high 0.32, 0.28 B	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL steep slopes percs slowly	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	IVe
Fauquier silt loam 15-25 %							
46C	SEE MAP UNIT 41C						

USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR								SELECTED USES	
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS		
47B	Complex of very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark red clayey (Elioak) and red clayey (Fauquier) soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rock and chloritic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL Percs slow	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile		
Elioak - Fauquier complex 2 - 7%									
47C	Complex of very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark red clayey (Elioak) and red clayey (Fauquier) soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rock and chloritic schist	High 0.32, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL Percs slow	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	IIIe		
Elioak - Fauquier complex 7 - 15%									
47D**	Complex of very deep, well drained, micaceous, yellowish-red clayey (Elioak) soils and red clayey (Fauquier) soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid rocks (Elioak) and inclusions containing bands and stringers of greenstone (Fauquier)	High 0.32, 0.28 C	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slow steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH			
Elioak - Fauquier complex 15 - 25%									
48A**	Complex of deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown clay (Fletcher ville) and deep, well drained, strong brown silty (Myersville) soils in saddles and heads of drainageways; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.37, 0.32 D - B	POOR intermittent high water table and high shrink-swell clays occur locally Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH			
Fletcher ville – Myersville complex 0 - 2 %									
48B	Complex of deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown clay (Fletcher ville) and deep, well drained, strong brown silty (Myersville) soils in saddles and heads of drainageways; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.37, 0.32 D - B	POOR intermittent high water table and high shrink-swell clays occur locally Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile		
Fletcher ville – Myersville complex 2 - 7 %									
48C**	Complex of deep, well drained, strong brown silty (Myersville) and deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown clay (Fletcher ville) soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	High 0.37, 0.32 – 0.32, 0.28 B - D	POOR intermittent high water table and high shrink-swell clays occur locally Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH			
Myersville - Fletcher ville complex 7 - 15 %									
49C	SEE MAP UNIT 47C								
49C3	SEE MAP UNIT 47C								

USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR					SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
47B	Complex of very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark red clayey (Elioak) and red clayey (Fauquier) soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rock and chloritic schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL Percs slow	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Elioak - Fauquier complex 2 - 7%							
47C	Complex of very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark red clayey (Elioak) and red clayey (Fauquier) soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rock and chloritic schist	High 0.32, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL Percs slow	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	IIIe
Elioak - Fauquier complex 7 - 15%							
47D**	Complex of very deep, well drained, micaceous, yellowish-red clayey (Elioak) soils and red clayey (Fauquier) soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid rocks (Elioak) and inclusions containing bands and stringers of greenstone (Fauquier)	High 0.32, 0.28 C	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slow steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	
Elioak - Fauquier complex 15 - 25%							
48A**	Complex of deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown clay (Fletcher ville) and deep, well drained, strong brown silty (Myersville) soils in saddles and heads of drainageways; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.37, 0.32 D - B	POOR intermittent high water table and high shrink-swell clays occur locally Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Fletcher ville – Myersville complex 0 - 2 %							
48B	Complex of deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown clay (Fletcher ville) and deep, well drained, strong brown silty (Myersville) soils in saddles and heads of drainageways; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.37, 0.32 D - B	POOR intermittent high water table and high shrink-swell clays occur locally Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Fletcher ville – Myersville complex 2 - 7 %							
48C**	Complex of deep, well drained, strong brown silty (Myersville) and deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown clay (Fletcher ville) soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	High 0.37, 0.32 – 0.32, 0.28 B - D	POOR intermittent high water table and high shrink-swell clays occur locally Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Myersville - Fletcher ville complex 7 - 15 %							
49C	SEE MAP UNIT 47C						
49C3	SEE MAP UNIT 47C						

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
50A**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy fragipan soil on broad, nearly level summits; developed in residuum from quartz monzonite and granite pegmatite	Slight	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	Ile
Goldvein fine gravely silt loam		0.28, 0.28	intermittent high water table	high water table fragipan			
0 - 2%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
50B	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy fragipan soil on broad, undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from quartz monzonite and granite pegmatite	Slight	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IIIe
Goldvein fine gravely silt loam		0.28, 0.28	intermittent high water table	high water table fragipan			
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
50C	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy fragipan soil on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from quartz monzonite and granite pegmatite	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	IVe
Goldvein fine gravely silt loam		0.28, 0.28	intermittent high water table	intermittent high water table fragipan			
7 - 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
51D	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown loamy soils containing more than 35% rock fragments and 10 – 20 % rock outcrop on hilly summits and moderately steep backslopes; soil surface is covered with 0 – 15 % flagstones and/or boulders; developed from local creep and residuum from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	High	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	VIIs
Stumptown-Rock Outcrop complex		0.20, 0.10	steep slopes; shallow to rock	shallow to rock steep slopes rock outcrop			
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
51E	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown loamy soils containing more than 35% rock fragments and 10 – 20 % rock outcrop on steep backslopes; soil surface is covered with 0 – 15 % flagstones and/or boulders; developed from local creep and residuum from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	Very High	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	VIIe
Stumptown-Rock Outcrop complex		0.20, 0.10	very steep slopes; shallow to rock	shallow to rock very steep slopes rock outcrop			
25 - 45%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
52C	SEE MAP UNIT 53C						
52D	SEE MAP UNIT 53D						
52D2	SEE MAP UNIT 53D						
53B**	Very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rock	Moderate	GOOD	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Glenelg loam		0.32, 0.43	high mica content in substratum may interfere with compaction				
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

*Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)*

USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR			SELECTED USES				
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
53C	Very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rock	High 0.32, 0.43 B	GOOD high mica content in substratum may interfere with compaction Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
Glenelg loam 7 - 15%							
53D	Very deep, well drained, micaceous, yellowish-red loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes in dissected uplands; developed in residuum from mica schist and mica gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.43 B	FAIR high mica content in substratum may interfere with compaction; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL Steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IVe
Glenelg loam 15 - 25%							
53E	SEE MAP UNIT 33E						
53E3	SEE MAP UNIT 33E						
54B	SEE MAP UNIT 55B						
54C	SEE MAP UNIT 55C						
55B	Very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark red clayey soils on broad summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rocks	Moderate 0.32, 0.32 C	GOOD high mica content in substratum may interfere with compaction Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIe
Elioak loam 2 - 7%							
55C	Very deep, well drained, micaceous, dark red clayey soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from micaceous acid crystalline rocks	High 0.32, 0.32 C	GOOD high mica content in substratum may interfere with compaction Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
Elioak loam 7 - 15%							
55C3	SEE MAP UNIT 55C						
55D	SEE MAP UNIT 33D						
55D3	SEE MAP UNIT 33D						

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
56B**	Moderately deep, somewhat excessively drained, olive gray silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from black graphitic schist	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	LOW	
Cardova silt loam		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock; high silt content (low bearing capacity); high corrosivity to steel and concrete	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
56C**	Moderately deep, somewhat excessively drained, olive gray silty soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from black graphitic schist	High	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	LOW	
Cardova silt loam		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock; high silt content (low bearing capacity); high corrosivity to steel and concrete	shallow to rock			
7-15%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
56D	Moderately deep, somewhat excessively drained, olive gray silty soils on hilly summits and moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from black graphitic schist	Very High	POOR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	IVe
Cardova silt loam		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock; steep slopes; high silt content (low bearing capacity); high corrosivity to steel and concrete	shallow to rock steep slopes			
15 - 25%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
56E**	Moderately deep, somewhat excessively drained, olive gray silty soils on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from black graphitic schist	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Cardova silt loam		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock; very steep slopes; high silt content (low bearing capacity); high corrosivity to steel and concrete	shallow to rock very steep slopes			
25-45%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
56F**	Moderately deep, somewhat excessively drained, olive gray silty soils on very steep backslopes; developed in residuum from black graphitic schist	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Cardova silt loam		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock; very steep slopes; high silt content (low bearing capacity); high corrosivity to steel and concrete	shallow to rock very steep slopes			
45 - 65%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
57B	SEE MAP UNIT 55B						
57C	SEE MAP UNIT 55C						
58B	SEE MAP UNIT 53C						
58C	SEE MAP UNIT 53C						
58D	SEE MAP UNIT 53D						
58E	SEE MAP UNIT 33E						
59B**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; 15 – 50 % cobbles, stones and/or boulders cover the soil surface; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	
Mongle loam, rubbly		0.37, 0.37	frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during storm events	high water table			
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
59C	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown loamy soils with high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; 15 – 50 % cobbles, stones and/or boulders cover the soil surface; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VIIIs
Mongle loam, rubbly		0.37, 0.37	frequent flooding; high water table; concentrated runoff from higher areas; overland flow-significant destructive potential during storm events	high water table			
7 - 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
60A**	Complex of moderately deep, well drained, loamy, dark yellowish brown (Ott) soil and shallow, well drained, loamy-skeletal, dark gray (Catlett) soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on nearly level summits and backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale	Slight	FAIR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY CROPLAND	LOW	
Ott-Catlett complex		0.37, 0.32 – 0.20, 0.15	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
0 - 2%		C – D	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
60B Ott-Catlett complex 2 - 7%	Complex of moderately deep, well drained, loamy, dark yellowish brown (Ott) soil and shallow, well drained, loamy-skeletal, dark gray (Catlett) soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 – 0.20, 0.15 C – D	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	LOW	IIIe
60C Ott-Catlett complex 7 - 15%	Complex of moderately deep, well drained, loamy, dark yellowish brown (Ott) soil and shallow, well drained, loamy-skeletal, dark gray (Catlett) soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale	High 0.37, 0.32 – 0.20, 0.15 C – D	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	IVs
60D** Catlett gravelly silt loam 15 - 25%	Shallow, well drained, grayish-brown loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale	High 0.20, 0.15 D	POOR shallow soils over bedrock, steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
61A** Brecknock silt loam 0 - 2%	Deep, well drained, dark yellowish brown silty soils on nearly level summits and backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale and siltstone	Slight 0.32, 0.32 B	GOOD low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content) Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
61B** Brecknock silt loam 2 - 7%	Deep, well drained, dark yellowish brown silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale and siltstone	Moderate 0.32, 0.32 B	GOOD low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content) Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
61C** Brecknock silt loam 7 - 15%	Deep, well drained, dark yellowish brown silty soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale and siltstone	High 0.32, 0.32 B	GOOD low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content) Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
62A**	Moderately deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on nearly level summits and backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale and siltstone; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.43, 0.43 D	POOR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacities when wet; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Sycoline silt loam 0 - 2%							
62B	Moderately deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale and siltstone; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.43, 0.43 D	POOR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacities when wet; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	IIw
Sycoline silt loam 2 - 7%							
63A	Deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables on broad upland flats and concave areas; developed in old alluvial capping underlain by residuum from thermally-altered Triassic shale and granulate; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.37, 0.28 D	VERY POOR high shrink-swell clay layers in the subsoil; high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVw
Kelly silt loam 0 - 2%							
63B**	Moderately deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables on broad upland flats and concave areas; developed in old alluvial capping underlain by residuum from thermally-altered Triassic shale and granulate; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 D	VERY POOR high shrink-swell clay layers in the subsoil; high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Kelly Variant silt loam 2 - 7%							
63C**	Moderately deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables in saddles and heads of drainageways; developed in old alluvial capping underlain by residuum from thermally-altered Triassic shale and granulate; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	High 0.37, 0.28 D	VERY POOR high shrink-swell clay layers in the subsoil; high water table Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Kelly Variant silt loam 7 - 15%							

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
64B	Complex of well drained, moderately deep, yellowish-red, loamy skeletal (Oakhill) containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil and very deep, yellowish-red loamy (Legore) soils on broad summits; developed in residuum from basalt	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	III _s
Oakhill - Legore loams 2 - 7%							
64C	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from basalt	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IV _e
Oakhill loam 7 - 15%							
64D	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on moderately steep backslopes; stones and cobbles cover 0.01 – 0.1% of the soil surface; developed in residuum from basalt	High 0.32, 0.28 B	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VI _s
Oakhill loam, stony 15 - 25%							
64E**	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on steep backslopes; stones and cobbles cover 0.01 – 0.1% of the soil surface; developed in residuum from basalt	High 0.32, 0.28 B	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Oakhill loam, stony 25 - 45%							
65A**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on nearly level summits and backslopes; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt	Moderate 0.28, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Montalto loam 0- 2%							
65B**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt	Moderate 0.28, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Montalto loam 2- 7%							
65C	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt	Moderate 0.28, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	III _e
Montalto loam 7- 15%							

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
65C2	SEE MAP UNIT 65C						
66A Waxpool silt loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, poorly drained, light olive brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables on broad nearly level summits; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.43, 0.15 D	VERY POOR frequent ponding; extremely plastic shrink-swell clay pan in the subsoil; high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	IVw
67A** Jackland and Haymarket silt loams 0 - 2%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish brown to olive brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables (Jackland) and/or very deep, well drained dark brown clay pan soils (Haymarket) on nearly level summits and backslopes; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Jackland and/or Haymarket soils	Slight 0.32, 0.10 – 0.37, 0.10 D	VERY POOR extremely plastic shrink-swell clay pan in the subsoil; intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
67B Jackland and Haymarket silt loams 2 - 7%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish brown to olive brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables (Jackland) and/or very deep, well drained dark brown clay pan soils (Haymarket) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Jackland and/or Haymarket soils	Moderate 0.32, 0.10 – 0.37, 0.10 D	VERY POOR extremely plastic shrink-swell clay pan in the subsoil; intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
67C Jackland and Haymarket silt loams 7 - 15%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish brown to olive brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables (Jackland) and/or very deep, well drained dark brown clay pan soils (Haymarket) on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Jackland and/or Haymarket soils	High 0.32, 0.10 – 0.37, 0.10 D	VERY POOR extremely plastic shrink-swell clay pan in the subsoil; intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IIIe

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE		SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD		SELECTED USES AGRICULTURE FORESTRY (HARDWOOD) LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS	
68B	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish brown to olive brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables (Jackland) and/or very deep, well drained dark brown clay pan soils (Haymarket) on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.2 – 4% stones and 0 – 0.05 boulders; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions - - - This map unit will predominantly consist of Jackland and/or Haymarket soils	Moderate 0.32, 0.10 – 0.37, 0.10 D	VERY POOR extremely plastic shrink-swell clay pan in the subsoil; intermittent high water table; large amount of stones and boulders on the surface Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table stone content	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE LY LOW	VI _s
68C	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish brown to olive brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables (Jackland) and/or very deep, well drained dark brown clay pan soils (Haymarket) on strongly sloping backslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.2 – 4% stones and 0 – 0.05 boulders; developed in residuum from diabase and basalt - - - This map unit will predominantly contain Jackland and/or Haymarket soils	Moderate 0.32, 0.10 – 0.37, 0.10 D	VERY POOR extremely plastic shrink-swell clay pan in the subsoil; intermittent high water table; large amount of stones and boulders on the surface Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table stone content	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VII _s
69A	Deep, poorly drained, dark gray clay pan soils in drainageways; formed in alluvium and residuum from diabase and basalt; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.43, 0.24 D	VERY POOR frequent flooding; occasional ponding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; high shrink-swell clays; high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	V _w
70A	Deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown loamy over clayey soils on nearly level summits and footslopes; developed in colluvium over residuum from basalt and diabase; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.32, 0.28 C	POOR high water table; shrink-swell clay may occur in lower subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IV _w
70B	SEE MAP UNIT 70A						

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
71A**	Deep, well drained, reddish-brown silty soils on nearly level summits; developed in residuum from red Triassic shale, siltstone and fine-grained sandstone	Slight	GOOD	MARGINAL	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Panorama silt loam		0.37, 0.32	low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content)	percs slowly			
0 - 2%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
71B	Deep, well drained, reddish-brown silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from red Triassic shale, siltstone and fine-grained sandstone	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
Panorama silt loam		0.37, 0.32	low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content)	percs slowly			
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
71C**	Deep, well drained, dark reddish-brown silty soils rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from red Triassic shale and sandstone	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Panorama silt loam		0.37, 0.32	low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content)	percs slowly			
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
72C	SEE MAP UNIT 76C						
73A**	Moderately deep, well drained, red silty soils on nearly level summits, developed in residuum from Triassic shale, siltstone and fine-grained sandstone	Slight	GOOD	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Penn loam		0.32, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
0 - 2%		C					
73B	Moderately deep, well drained, red silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes, developed in residuum from Triassic shale, siltstone and fine-grained sandstone	Moderate	GOOD	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	Ile
Penn loam		0.32, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C					
73C	Moderately deep, well drained, red silty soils on strongly sloping backslopes, developed in residuum from Triassic shale, siltstone and fine-grained sandstone	High	GOOD	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	IIIe
Penn loam		0.32, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		C					

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MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
73D** Penn loam 15 – 25%	Moderately deep, well drained, red silty soils on moderately steep backslopes, developed in residuum from Triassic shale, siltstone and fine-grained sandstone	Very High 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
74A** Ashburn silt loam 0 - 2%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, strong brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on broad, nearly level upland flats; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone, fine grained sandstone and shale	Slight 0.37, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content and/or shrink-swell clay in lower horizon Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
74B Ashburn silt loam 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, strong brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on broad undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone, fine grained sandstone and shale	Moderate 0.37, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table ; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	Ile
75A** Clover loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, dark-red and reddish-yellow clayey soils on nearly level summits; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate, siltstone and shale	Slight 0.32, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
75B Clover loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, dark-red and reddish yellow clayey soils on broad, undulating summits; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate, shale and siltstone	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
75C Clover loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained, dark-red and reddish yellow clayey soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate, shale and siltstone	High 0.32, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR			SELECTED USES	
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
75D**	Very deep, well drained, dark-red and reddish-yellow clayey soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from interbedded Triassic conglomerate, shale and siltstone	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
Clover loam		0.32, 0.28	steep slopes	percs slowly			
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	steep slopes			
76B	Complex of very deep (Sudley) and moderately deep (Oatlands) well drained strong brown to reddish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate and sandstone	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
Sudley - Oatlands complex		0.37, 0.28 – 0.24, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		B					
76C	Complex of very deep (Sudley) and moderately deep (Oatlands) well drained strong brown to reddish-brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate and sandstone	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIc
Sudley - Oatlands complex		0.37, 0.28 – 0.24, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		B					
76D**	Complex of very deep (Sudley) and moderately deep (Oatlands) well drained strong brown to reddish-brown loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate and sandstone	High	GOOD	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Sudley - Oatlands complex		0.37, 0.28 – 0.24, 0.24	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
15 - 25%		B		steep slopes			
77A**	Moderately deep, well drained dark red silty soil (Arcola) and shallow, well to excessively drained, yellowish red silty soil containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil (Nestoria), on nearly level summits; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	Slight	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Arcola - Nestoria complex		0.32, 0.10	shallow to rock; little soil available for landscaping or grading	shallow to rock			
0 - 2%		C – D	Bearing Capacity: low - moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
77B**	Moderately deep, well drained dark red silty soil (Arcola) and shallow, well to excessively drained, yellowish red silty soil containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil (Nestoria), on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Arcola - Nestoria complex		0.32, 0.10	shallow to rock; little soil available for landscaping or grading	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C – D	Bearing Capacity: low- moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
77B3**	Moderately deep, well drained dark red silty soil (Arcola) and shallow, well to excessively drained, yellowish red silty soil containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil (Nestoria), with gullies on gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	High	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Arcola - Nestoria complex, gullied		0.32, 0.10	shallow to rock; little soil available for landscaping or grading; gullies	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C – D	Bearing Capacity: low- moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
77C	Moderately deep, well drained dark red silty soil (Arcola) and shallow, well to excessively drained, yellowish red silty soil containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil (Nestoria), with gullies on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	High 0.32, 0.10 C – D	FAIR shallow to rock; little soil available for landscaping or grading Bearing Capacity: low- moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IIIe - IVe
Arcola - Nestoria complex 7 - 15%							
77C2	SEE MAP UNIT 77C						
77C3**	Shallow, well to excessively drained (Nestoria), and moderately deep, well drained (Arcola) eroded reddish-brown silty soils with gullies on strongly sloping convex backslopes in dissected terrain; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	High 0.32, 0.10 D - C	POOR shallow to rock; little soil available for landscaping or grading; gullies Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Nestoria – Arcola complex, gullied 7 - 15%							
77D**	Shallow, well to excessively drained reddish-brown loamy soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	Very High 0.32, 0.10 D	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes; little soil material available for landscaping or grading Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Nestoria gravelly loam 15 - 25%							
77D2	SEE MAP UNIT 77E						
77E	Shallow, well to excessively drained reddish-brown loamy soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	Very high 0.32, 0.10 D	POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; little soil material available for landscaping or grading Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	VIIe
Nestoria gravelly loam 25 - 45%							
78A	Deep, moderately well and somewhat poorly drained, light yellowish-brown clayey soils with intermittent high water table water tables on broad, nearly level interfluvies and concave areas; developed in local colluvium and residuum from red Triassic shale and sandstone; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.43, 0.43 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; high water table; low relief; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content and shrink-swell clay in the subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table; landscape position (swale)	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVw
Dulles silt loam 0 - 2%							

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MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
79A	Deep, poorly drained, mottled reddish-brown and gray clayey soils with intermittent high water table water tables on upland flats and in drainageways; developed in local alluvium and residuum from red Triassic shale and sandstone; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.37, 0.32 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; occasional ponding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; high water table; low relief; low bearing capacities when wet (high silt content) and high shrink-swell clay in the subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	Vw
Albano silt loam							
0 - 2%							
80B	SEE MAP UNIT 76B						
80C	SEE MAP UNIT 76C						
81B	Very deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown to strong brown loamy soils on footslopes and toeslopes of mountains and in broad gently sloping interfluvies; semi-rounded stones make up 5-50% of the soil; developed in old mountain colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.20 B	FAIR intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
Brumbaugh loam							
2 - 7%							
81C	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on footslopes and toeslopes of mountains and in broad, strongly sloping interfluvies; semi-rounded stones make up 5-50% of the soil; developed in old mountain colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.20 B	FAIR intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	IIIe
Brumbaugh loam							
7 - 15%							
82B	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish yellow loamy soils on gently sloping footslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.1% stones; developed in colluvium from felsic to mafic crystalline rock; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	VERY POOR high water table; stoniness; overland flow - significant destructive potential during flooding events Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVw
Scattersville loam, stony							
2 - 7%							

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MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
82C**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish yellow loamy soils on strongly sloping footslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.1% stones; developed in colluvium from felsic to mafic crystalline rock; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	VERY POOR high water table; stoniness; overland flow - significant destructive potential during flooding events Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVw
Scattersville loam, stony							
7 - 15%							
83C	Very deep, well drained reddish-brown clayey soils on footslopes, broad, rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; rounded stones make up 0 - 50% of the soil mass; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.1% stones with some cobbles and gravel; developed in old colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	FAIR stoniness Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly stoniness	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVs
Braddock gravelly loam; stony							
7 - 15%							
83D**	Very deep, well drained reddish-brown clayey soils on moderately steep backslopes; rounded stones make up 0 - 50% of the soil mass; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.1% stones with some cobbles and gravel; developed in old colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	High 0.28, 0.24 B	FAIR steep slopes, stoniness Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly stoniness steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	IVs
Braddock gravelly loam; stony							
7 - 15%							
84C	Very deep, well drained reddish-brown clayey soils on footslopes, broad, rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; rounded stones make up 0 - 50% of the soil mass; soil surface is covered by 0.1 – 3% stones with some cobbles and gravel; developed in old colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	VERY POOR stoniness; little soil material available for landscaping or grading Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR stoniness percs slowly	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VIIIs
Braddock gravelly loam; very stony							
7 - 15%							
85C2	SEE MAP UNIT 83C						
86C2	SEE MAP UNIT 83C						
87B**	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish-brown soils on footslopes and benches; semi-rounded stones and cobbles make up 5-50% of the soil; developed in recent colluvium from granitic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	FAIR some areas are subject to overland flow; significant destructive potential during storm events if at the base of long steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Tate loam							
2 - 7%							

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			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
87C Tate loam 7- 15%	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish brown soils on footslopes and benches; semi-rounded stones and cobbles make up 5-50% of the soil mass; developed in recent colluvium from granitic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	FAIR some areas are subject to overland flow; significant destructive potential during storm events Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	IVe
87D** Tate loam 15- 25%	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish brown soils on steep footslopes; semi-rounded stones and cobbles make up 5-50% of the soil mass; developed in recent colluvium from granitic rocks	Severe 0.28, 0.24 B	FAIR some areas are subject to overland flow; significant destructive potential during storm events Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	
88C Lew gravelly silt loam, very stony 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained yellowish-red soils in swales, saddles and drainageways; rock fragments average more than 35% in the soil mass; soil surface is covered by 0.05 – 4% stones with some gravels, cobbles and boulders; developed from recent mountain colluvium of greenstone rock material	Moderate 0.17, 0.15 B	VERY POOR subject to slippage; unstable when undercut Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL steep slopes: percs slow, lateral groundwater flow	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	VIIIs
88D** Lew gravelly silt loam, very stony 15 - 25%	Very deep, well drained yellowish-red soils on moderately steep back slopes; rock fragments average more than 35% in the soil mass; soil surface is covered by 0.05 – 4% stones with some gravels, cobbles and boulders; developed from recent mountain colluvium of greenstone rock material	High 0.17, 0.15 B	VERY POOR subject to slippage; unstable when undercut; steep slope Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL steep slopes: percs slow, lateral groundwater flow	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	VIIIs
88E** Lew gravelly silt loam, very stony 25 - 45%	Very deep, well drained yellowish-red soils on steep back slopes; rock fragments average more than 35% in the soil mass; soil surface is covered by 0.05 – 4% stones with some gravels, cobbles and boulders; developed from recent mountain colluvium of greenstone rock material	Very High 0.17, 0.15 B	VERY POOR subject to slippage; unstable when undercut; very steep slope Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes: percs slow, lateral groundwater flow	NOT SUITED	MODERATE	VIIe

		USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR				SELECTED USES	
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
89C	Deep, well drained strong brown loamy-skeletal soils on strongly sloping backslopes and benches; gravels and flagstones range from 15 – 70% of the soil mass; soil surface is covered with 0.1 – 4% flagstones; formed in colluvium from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	Moderate 0.15, 0.10 C	FAIR stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VIIc
Weverton gravelly loam, very stony 7 - 15%							
89D	Deep, well drained strong brown loamy-skeletal soils on moderately steep backslopes; gravels and flagstones range from 15 – 70% of the soil mass; soil surface is covered with 0.1 – 4% flagstones; formed in colluvium from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	High 0.15, 0.10 C	FAIR steep slopes; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	VIIc
Weverton gravelly loam, very stony 15 - 25%							
93A**	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown clayey soils with high water tables on nearly level low terraces along major streams; developed in old alluvium washed from uplands underlain by a wide variety of rocks common to the county; may have HYDRIC soils inclusions	Slight 0.28, 0.28 C	FAIR high water table Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Delanco loam 0 - 2%							
93B	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown clayey soils with intermittent high water table water tables on gently sloping low terraces along major streams; developed in old alluvium washed from uplands underlain by a wide variety of rocks common to the county; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions.	High 0.28, 0.28 C	FAIR may be within 100-year floodplain; rare flooding; intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Delanco loam 2 - 7%							
94B	Very deep, well drained, strong brown loamy soils on low terraces along major streams, developed in old alluvium washed from uplands underlain by a wide variety of rocks common to the county	Moderate 0.28, 0.28 B	FAIR may be within 100-year floodplain; rare flooding Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL infrequent flood hazard	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	Ile
Elsinboro loam 2 - 7%							
95B	SEE MAP UNIT 97B						
96C3	SEE MAP UNIT 97B						

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
97B	Very deep, well drained, dark red clayey soils on gently sloping high river terrace positions; developed in old alluvium washed from uplands underlain by a wide variety of rocks common to the county	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 B	GOOD		MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE Ile
Goresville loam 2 - 7%			Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
97C2	SEE MAP UNIT 97B						
98B	SEE MAP UNIT 93B						
110A**	Very deep, poorly drained, gray and yellowish brown clayey soils with high water tables in concave landscapes, along small drainageways and on alluvial fans; developed in recent colluvium/alluvium washed from basic and acidic rocks; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.37, 0.37 C	VERY POOR		NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE
Mongle Variant silt loam 0 - 2%			may be within 100-year floodplain; frequent flooding; frequent ponding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; prolonged high water table; overland flow-significant destructive potential during flooding events Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high				
116B**	Very deep, moderately well to well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables in concave uplands and along small drainageways; 0.1 – 3% stones and cobbles cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR		NOT SUITED landscape position	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE
Meadowville silt loam; very stony 2 - 7%			frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
116C**	Very deep, moderately well to well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables in concave uplands and along small drainageways; 0.1 – 3% stones and cobbles cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	High 0.37, 0.32 B	POOR		NOT SUITED landscape position	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE
Meadowville silt loam; very stony 7 - 15%			frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
117B**	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils in concave swales and along small drainageways	Moderate	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	HIGH	
Middleburg loam; very stony	; 0.1 – 3% stones and cobbles cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium from mixed basic and acidic rock; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	0.37, 0.32	frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet	landscape position			
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
117C**	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils in concave swales and along small drainageways;	Moderate	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	HIGH	
Middleburg loam; very stony	0.1 – 3% stones and cobbles cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium from mixed basic and acidic rock; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	0.37, 0.32	frequent flooding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; low bearing capacity when wet;	landscape position			
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
120C	SEE MAP UNIT 20C						
120D	SEE MAP UNIT 20D						
121B**	Moderately deep (Pigeonroost) and very deep (Edneytown), well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes of the Blue Ridge; rock outcrops cover 0.01–0.1% and loose stones cover 0.1-3% of the surface; developed in residuum from granite and granite gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	
Pigeonroost – Edneytown complex, very stony		0.28, 0.24	shallow to rock; stoniness	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
121C	Moderately deep (Pigeonroost) and very deep (Edneytown), well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes of the Blue Ridge; rock outcrops cover 0.01 – 0.1% and loose stones cover 0.1 - 3% of the surface; developed in residuum from granite and granite gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	VIIIs
Pigeonroost – Edneytown complex, very stony		0.28, 0.24	shallow to rock; stoniness	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
121D	Moderately deep (Pigeonroost) and very deep (Edneytown), well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes of the Blue Ridge; rock outcrops cover 0.01–0.1% and loose stones cover 0.1-3% of the surface; developed in residuum from granite and granite gneiss	High	POOR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	VIIIs
Pigeonroost – Edneytown complex, very stony		0.28, 0.24	shallow to rock; steep slopes	steep slopes			
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
121E	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on steep backslopes of the Blue Ridge; rock outcrops cover 0.01– 0.1% and loose stones cover 0.1 - 3% of the surface; developed in residuum from granite and granite gneiss	Very high 0.28, 0.24 B	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes shallow to rock	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VIIe
Pigeonroost loam, very stony							
25 - 45%							
123B	SEE MAP UNIT 23B						
123C**	SEE MAP UNIT 23C						
125B**	Moderately deep, excessively drained light yellowish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; loose stones cover 0.1-5% and rock outcrop 0.1 – 3% of the surface; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 C	POOR shallow to rock; stoniness; rock-outcrop Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	VERY LOW	
Hazel very stony loam; rocky							
2 - 7%							
125C	Moderately deep, excessively drained light yellowish-brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; loose stones cover 0.1-5% and rock outcrop 0.1 – 3% of the surface; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 C	POOR shallow to rock; stoniness; rock-outcrop Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	VERY LOW	VIIs
Hazel very stony loam; rocky							
7 - 15%							
125D	Moderately deep, excessively drained light yellowish-brown loamy soils on narrow summits and moderately steep backslopes; loose stones cover 0.1-5% and rock outcrop 0.1 – 2% of the surface; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone	High 0.28, 0.24 C	POOR shallow to rock; stoniness; rock-outcrop; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	VERY LOW	VIIIs
Hazel very stony loam; rocky							
15 - 25%							
125E	Moderately deep, excessively drained light yellowish-brown loamy soils on steep backslopes; loose stones cover 0.1-5% and rock outcrop 0.1 – 2% of the surface; developed in residuum from meta-arkosic sandstone	Very high 0.28, 0.24 C	POOR shallow to rock; stoniness; rock-outcrop; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	VERY LOW	VIIIs
Hazel very stony loam; rocky							
25 - 45%							
128C	SEE MAP UNIT 20C						
128D	SEE MAP UNIT 20D						
130B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; loose stones cover 0.01-1% of the soil surface; developed in residuum from, augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Edneytown loam; stony							
2 - 7%							

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
130C** Edneytown loam; stonny 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; loose stones cover 0.01-1% of the soil surface; developed in residuum from, augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
131C	SEE MAP UNIT 23C						
131D** Purcellville – Tankerville complex 15 – 25%	Very deep, well drained , strong brown , fine-silty (Purcellville) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown, coarse-loamy (Tankerville) soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, granite gneiss and granitic schist	High 0.,32, 0.28 – 0.32, 0.24 B	FAIR steep slopes; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL steep slopes shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
134B** Happyland loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, brownish-yellow loamy soils on gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from phyllite and meta-monzonite granite	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
134C** Happyland loam 7 -15%	Very deep, well drained, brownish-yellow loamy soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from phyllite and meta-monzonite granite	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
134D** Happyland loam 15 -25%	Very deep, well drained, brownish-yellow loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from phyllite and meta-monzonite granite	High 0.37, 0.28 B	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL Steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
140B** Pignut silt loam 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 C	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
140C** Pignut silt loam 7 - 15%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils with few rock outcrops, stones and boulders on convex strongly sloping backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 C	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
140D** Pignut silt loam 15 - 25%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on moderately steep backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	High 0.37, 0.32 C	FAIR shallow to rock; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
140E** Pignut silt loam 25 - 50%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on steep backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	Very High 0.37, 0.32 C	POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	LOW	
141D** Pignut – Alanthus complex, very stony 15 - 25 %	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Pignut) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils (Alanthus) on moderately steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by .01 – 3% stones and cobbles, and 0 – 0.1% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone	High 0.37, 0.32 C - B	POOR shallow to rock; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
141E** Pignut silt loam; very stony 25 - 45 %	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by .01 – 3% stones and cobbles, and 0 – 0.1% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone	Very high 0.37, 0.32 C	POOR shallow to rock; stoniness; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	LOW	
141F** Pignut silt loam; very stony 45%+	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils on very steep backslopes; surface cover is represented by .01 – 3% stones and cobbles, and 0 – 0.1% rock outcrop; developed in residuum from greenstone	Very high 0.37, 0.32 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; stoniness; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	LOW	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
148B** Catoctin (shallow phase) – Fletcherville complex 2 - 7%	Shallow, well drained, olive brown loamy skeletal soils (Catoctin-shallow) and deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish brown, shrink-swell clay soils (Fletcherville) on convex/concave sideslopes and summits; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.17 – 0.32, 0.28 D	POOR shallow to rock; shrink-swell clay in subsoil Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED shallow to rock shrink-swell clay in subsoil	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	
148C** Catoctin (shallow phase) – Fletcherville complex 7 - 15%	Shallow, well drained, olive brown, loamy skeletal soils (Catoctin-shallow) and deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish brown, shrink-swell clay soils (Fletcherville) on convex/concave sideslopes; developed in residuum from greenstone schist	Moderate 0.32, 0.17 – 0.32, 0.28 D	POOR shallow to rock; shrink-swell clay in subsoil Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED shallow to rock shrink-swell clay in subsoil	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	
153E** Glenelg loam 25 - 45%	Very deep, well drained, micaceous, yellowish-red loamy soils on steep backslopes in dissected uplands; developed in residuum from mica schist and mica gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.32 B	VERY POOR high mica content in substratum may interfere with compaction; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
160B** Ott silt loam 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, well drained, grayish-brown silty soils on gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 C	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
163A** Remington silt loam 0 - 2%	Deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables on broad upland flats and concave areas; developed in old alluvial capping underlain by residuum from thermally-altered Triassic shale and granulite	Slight 0.43, 0.43 D	VERY POOR high shrink-swell clay layers in the subsoil; intermittent high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
163B** Remington silt loam 2 - 7%	Deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown clay pan soils with intermittent high water tables on gently sloping backslopes; developed in old alluvial capping underlain by residuum from thermally-altered Triassic shale and granulite	Moderate 0.43, 0.43 D	VERY POOR high shrink-swell clay layers in the subsoil; intermittent high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
164B** Oakhill-Rock Outcrop complex 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red loamy soils with more than 35% rock fragments in the soil mass and 10 – 25% rock outcrops on gently sloping backslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.2% stones and cobbles; developed in residuum from basalt	Moderate 0.24, 0.28 B	VERY POOR rock outcrops; stones and boulders Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED rock outcrops shallow to rock stone content	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VIIIs
164C Oakhill-Rock Outcrop complex 7 - 15%	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red loamy soils with more than 35% rock fragments in the soil mass and 10 – 25% rock outcrops on strongly sloping backslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.2% stones and cobbles; developed in residuum from basalt	Moderate 0.24, 0.28 B	VERY POOR rock outcrops; stones and boulders Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED rock outcrops shallow to rock stone content	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	VIIIs
164D Oakhill-Rock Outcrop complex 15 - 25%	Moderately deep, well drained, yellowish-red loamy soils with more than 35% rock fragments in the soil mass and 10 – 25% rock outcrops on moderately steep and steep backslopes; soil surface is covered by 0.01 – 0.2% stones and cobbles; developed in residuum from basalt	High 0.24, 0.28 B	VERY POOR rock outcrops; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED steep slopes rock outcrops	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	
165C3	SEE MAP UNIT 65C						
167A** Haymarket silt loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, dark brown clayey soils on nearly level summits; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase and basalt	Slight 0.37, 0.20 D	POOR high shrink-swell clay in the subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	POOR percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile
167B Haymarket silt loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, dark brown clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase and basalt	Moderate 0.37, 0.20 D	POOR high shrink-swell clay in the subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	POOR percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	Ile

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
167C	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils and/or dark brown clayey soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase and basalt- - This map unit will predominantly contain Montalto and/or Haymarket soils	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 – 0.37, 0.20 C - D	POOR high shrink-swell clay in the subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: very high	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	IIIe
169A	SEE MAP UNIT 69A						
170A**	Deep, moderately well drained, strong brown loamy over clayey soils on nearly level summits and footslopes; developed in colluvium over residuum from basalt and diabase; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.32, 0.28 C	POOR intermittent high water table; shrink-swell clay in lower subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
170B**	Deep, moderately well drained, strong brown loamy over clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping footslopes; developed in colluvium over residuum from basalt and diabase; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	POOR intermittent high water table; shrink-swell clay in lower subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
171B**	Very deep, well drained, dark reddish-brown silty soils on undulating summits and broad, gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from red Triassic shale and sandstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	FAIR low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content), very gravelly surface Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
171C**	Very deep, well drained, dark reddish-brown silty soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from red Triassic shale and sandstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	FAIR low bearing capacity when wet (high silt content); very gravelly surface Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
173A**	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, reddish-brown silty soils on nearly level summits and upper backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone, shale and conglomerate	Slight 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
173B** Penn gravelly silt loam (WET PHASE) 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, reddish-brown silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes, developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
173C** Penn gravelly silt loam (WET PHASE) 7 - 15%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, reddish-brown silty soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes, developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and shale	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
174B** Ashburn very gravelly silt loam 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on gently sloping landscapes; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet; very gravelly surface Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
175B** Clover very gravelly silt loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, red to dark red clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and conglomerate	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 B	FAIR very gravelly surface Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
176B** Oatlands very gravelly silt loam; (WET PHASE) 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained, strong brown to reddish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and conglomerate	Moderate 0.24, 0.24 B	FAIR intermittent high water table; shallow to rock; very gravelly surfaces Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table shallow to rock	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	

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			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
178A** Dulles Variant silt loam 0 - 2%	Moderately deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown mottled with gray loamy soils with intermittent high water tables in concave landscapes (swales) and drainageways; developed in local alluvium washed from Triassic uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.43, 0.43 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; high water table; low relief; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	
178B** Dulles Variant silt loam 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown mottled with gray loamy soils with intermittent high water table water tables in concave landscapes (swales) and drainageways; developed in local alluvium washed from Triassic uplands; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; high water table; low relief; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	
179A** Albano Variant silt loam 0 - 2%	Moderately deep, poorly drained, gray loamy soils with high water tables in concave landscapes (swales) and drainageways; developed in local alluvium washed from Triassic uplands; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0.37, 0.32 D	VERY POOR may be within 100-year floodplain; high water table; low relief; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content in surface and shrink-swell clay in the subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
181B** Brumbaugh loam; very stony 2 - 7%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on footslopes and toeslopes of mountains and in broad gently sloping interfluvies; semi-rounded stones make up 5-50% of the soil surface; 0.1–3% stones cover the soil surface; developed in old mountain colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.20 B	FAIR intermittent high water table; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
183B** Braddock gravelly loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, reddish-brown clayey soils on footslopes, broad, undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; rounded stones make up 0 - 50% of the soil mass; developed in old colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
183C** Braddock gravelly loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained reddish-brown clayey soils on footslopes, broad, rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; rounded stones make up 0 - 50% of the soil mass; developed in old colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
183D** Braddock gravelly loam 15 - 25%	Very deep, well drained reddish-brown clayey soils on steep backslopes; rounded stones make up 0 - 50% of the soil mass; developed in old colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	High 0.28, 0.24 B	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY HIGH	
187B** Tate loam; very stony 2- 7%	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish-brown soils on gently sloping footslopes and benches; semi-rounded stones and cobbles make up 5- 50% of the soil; 0.1-3% stones cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium from granitic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	POOR subject to overland flow; significant destructive potential during storm events; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	
187C** Tate loam; very stony 7- 15%	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish-brown soils on strongly sloping footslopes and benches; semi-rounded stones and cobbles make up 5-50% of the soil; 0.1-3% stones cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium from granitic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.24 B	POOR subject to overland flow; significant destructive potential during storm events; stoniness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	
187D** Tate loam; very stony 15- 25%	Very deep, well drained, dark yellowish-brown soils on moderately steep footslopes and backslopes; semi-rounded stones and cobbles make up 5-50% of the soil; 0.1-3% stones cover the soil surface; developed in recent colluvium from granitic rocks	High 0.28, 0.24 B	POOR subject to overland flow; significant destructive potential during storm events; stoniness; steep slope Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position steep slope	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATE	
189B** Weverton gravelly loam 2 - 7%	Deep, well drained, strong brown loamy- skeletal soils on gently sloping backslopes and benches; gravels and flagstones range from 15 – 70% of the soil mass; formed in colluvium from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	Moderate 0.15, 0.10 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR				SELECTED USES			
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
189C**	Deep, well drained strong brown loamy–skeletal soils on strongly sloping backslopes and benches; gravels and flagstones range from 15 – 70% of the soil mass; formed in colluvium from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	Moderate	GOOD	GOOD	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Weverton gravelly loam		0.15, 0.10	Bearing Capacity: moderate				
7 - 15%		C	Shrink-swell Potential: low				
189D**	Deep, well drained strong brown loamy-skeletal soils on moderately steep backslopes and benches; gravels and flagstones range from 15 – 70% of the soil mass; formed in colluvium from interbedded quartzite, quartz muscovite schist and phyllite	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Weverton gravelly loam		0.15, 0.10	Steep slopes	steep slopes			
15 - 25%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate				
200**	Disturbed areas of cutting and/ or filling	HIGHLY VARIABLE					
Cut and/or Fill							
220B**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	LOW	
Tankerville loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate				
			Shrink-swell Potential: low				
220C**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	High	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	LOW	
Tankerville loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate				
			Shrink-swell Potential: low				
220D**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	High	POOR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock; steep slopes			
15 - 25%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate				
			Shrink-swell Potential: low				
220E**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock; very steep slopes	shallow to rock very steep slopes			
25 - 45%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate				
			Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
220F**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock; very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock very steep slopes			
45 - 65%		C					
221D	Moderately deep, well drained, dark yellowish-brown loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes of the Blue Ridge; rock outcrops cover 5 – 15% and loose stones cover 10-40% of the surface; developed in residuum from granite and granite gneiss	High	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Pigeonroost – Rock-Outcrop complex		0.28, 0.24	steep slopes; rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes rock outcrops			
15 - 25%		B					
221E	Moderately deep, well drained, dark yellowish-brown loamy soils on steep backslopes of the Blue Ridge; rock outcrops cover 5 – 15% and loose stones cover 10-40% of the surface; developed in residuum from granite and granite gneiss	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	VIIIs
Pigeonroost – Rock-Outcrop complex		0.28, 0.24	very steep slopes; rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	very steep slopes rock outcrops			
25 - 45%		B					
225D	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils and 10 – 25% rock outcrops on moderately steep backslopes; loose stones and cobbles cover 1-45% of the surface; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone	High	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	VIIIs
Hazel-Rock Outcrop complex		0.32, 0.24	rock outcrops; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	rock outcrops steep slopes			
15 - 25%		C					
225E	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils and 10 – 25% rock outcrops on steep backslopes; loose stones and cobbles cover 1-45% of the surface; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Hazel-Rock Outcrop complex		0.32, 0.24	very steep slopes; rock outcrops Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	very steep slopes rock outcrops			
25 - 45%		C					
228B	Very deep, well drained, red loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sheared granite or granodiorite intruded by dikes of greenstone	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Eubanks soils		0.32, 0.32	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	percs slowly			
2 - 7 %		B					
228C	Very deep, well drained, red loamy soils (Eubanks) on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sheared granite or granodiorite intruded by dikes of greenstone	Moderate	GOOD	MARGINAL	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Eubanks soils		0.32, 0.32	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	percs slowly			
7 - 15 %		B					

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			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
230B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown (Edneytown) loamy soil and moderately deep,	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME	MODERATELY	
Edneytown – Chestnut complex	well drained dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on undulating summits in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from	0.24, 0.24	Shallow to rock	shallow to rock	CROPLAND	LOW	
2 - 7%	coarse-textured granite and granite gneiss	B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
230C**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown (Edneytown) loamy soil and moderately deep,	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY	MODERATELY	
Edneytown – Chestnut complex	well drained dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from coarse-textured	0.28, 0.24 – 0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock	shallow to rock	CROPLAND	LOW	
7 - 15%	granite and granite gneiss	B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
230D**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown (Edneytown) loamy soil and moderately deep,	High	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME	MODERATELY	
Edneytown – Chestnut complex	well drained, dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on moderately steep backslopes in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from coarse-textured granite and granite gneiss	0.28, 0.24 – 0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock steep slopes	PASTURE	LOW	
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
230E**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown (Edneytown) loamy soil and moderately deep,	Very high	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY	LOW	
Edneytown – Chestnut complex	well drained dark brown (Chestnut) coarse-loamy soil on steep backslopes in dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from coarse-textured granite and granite gneiss	0.28, 0.24 – 0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock; very steep slopes	very steep slopes	PASTURE		
25 - 50%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
238A**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, mottled brownish-yellow fragipan soils with	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME	MODERATE	
Belvoir loam	intermittent high water tables on broad, nearly level summits and slight depressions; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	0.37, 0.28	intermittent high water table	high water table fragipan	PASTURE		
0 - 2%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
238B**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, mottled brownish-yellow fragipan soils with	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME	MODERATE	
Belvoir loam	intermittent high water tables on broad, undulating summits and slight depressions; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	0.37, 0.28	intermittent high water table	high water table fragipan	PASTURE		
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
238C**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, mottled brownish-yellow fragipan soils with intermittent high water tables on broad, rolling summits and slight depressions; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
Belvoir loam		0.32, 0.28	intermittent high water table	high water table			
7 - 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	fragipan			
240B**	Shallow, well drained, olive brown, loamy-skeletal soils on steep backslopes; may have a few cobbles and/or stones on the surface; developed in residuum from greenstone	High	POOR	NOT SUITED	PRIME CROPLAND	LOW	
Catoctin silt loam (shallow phase)		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		D	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
240C**	Shallow, well drained, olive brown, loamy-skeletal soils on steep backslopes; may have a few cobbles and/or stones on the surface; developed in residuum from greenstone	High	POOR	NOT SUITED	PRIME CROPLAND	LOW	
Catoctin silt loam (shallow phase)		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		D	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
240D**	Shallow, well drained, olive brown, loamy-skeletal soils on steep backslopes; may have a few cobbles and/or stones on the surface; developed in residuum from greenstone	High	POOR	NOT SUITED	PRIME CROPLAND	LOW	
Catoctin silt loam (shallow phase)		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock			
15 - 25%		D	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
240E**	Shallow, well drained, olive brown, loamy-skeletal soils on steep backslopes; may have a few cobbles and/or stones on the surface; developed in residuum from greenstone	High	POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Catoctin silt loam (shallow phase)		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock			
25 - 45%		D	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
241B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils (Alanthus) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Pignut) on undulating summits; soil surface may contain a few cobbles and/or stones; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Alanthus –Pignut complex		0.37, 0.23	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
2 - 7 %		B – C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
241C** Alanthus –Pignut complex 7 - 15 %	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils (Alanthus) and moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Pignut) on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; soil surface may contain a few cobbles and/or stones; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate 0.37, 0.23 B – C	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
241D** Pignut– Alanthus complex 15 - 25 %	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown silty soils (Pignut) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-red silty soils (Alanthus) on moderately steep backslopes; soil surface may contain a few cobbles and/or stones; developed in residuum from greenstone	High 0.37, 0.23 C - B	POOR shallow to rock; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
260E** Catlett gravelly silt loam, rocky 25 - 65%	Shallow, well drained, grayish-brown silty soils containing more than 35% rock fragments on steep backslopes with 0.5 to 2 percent rock-outcrop; developed in residuum from bluish-gray thermally altered Triassic shale	Very High 0.20, 0.10 D	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; rock outcrop Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	LOW	
265B** Montalto silty clay loam, stony 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils with few stones and boulders on undulating summits; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase.	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
265C** Montalto silty clay loam, stony 7 -15%	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils with few stones and boulders on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase.	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	GOOD Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
265D** Montalto silty clay loam, stony 15 - 25%	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils with few stones and boulders on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase.	High 0.32, 0.28 C	FAIR steep slopes Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR				SELECTED USES			
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
269A** Meetze very gravelly silt loam 0 - 2%	Deep, poorly drained, dark gray loamy-skeletal soils (containing more than 35 percent gravels and cobbles in the subsoil) in drainageways; formed in alluvium from diabase and basalt; HYDRIC SOIL	Slight 0..20, 0.15 D	VERY POOR frequent flooding; occasional ponding; concentrated runoff from higher areas; high water table; low relief Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high in lower substratum	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
270B** Mt. Lucas loam 2 - 7%	Deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish- brown loamy over clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping footslopes; developed in colluvium over residuum from basalt and diabase; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	POOR high water table; shrink-swell may occur in lower subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
274A** Ashburn gravelly silt loam 0 - 2%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained ,yellowish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water table water tables on nearly level landscapes; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone	Slight 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content and/or shrink-swell clay in lower horizon Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
274B** Ashburn gravelly silt loam 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, moderately well drained ,yellowish-brown silty soils with intermittent high water table water tables gently sloping landscapes; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content and/or shrink-swell clay in lower horizon Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
275B** Clover gravelly silt loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, red to dark-red clayey soils on undulating summits; developed in residuum from Triassic siltstone and conglomerate	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	MARGINAL percs slowly	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	

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USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR				SELECTED USES			
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
276B**	Very deep, well drained, strong brown to reddish-brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate	Moderate	FAIR	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Sudley very gravelly silt loam		0.32, 0.28	Very gravelly surface Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
2 - 7%		B					
276C**	Very deep, well drained, strong brown to reddish-brown loamy soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate	Moderate	FAIR	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Sudley very gravelly silt loam		0.32, 0.28	Very gravelly surface Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
7 - 15%		B					
300**	This unit consists of areas where more than 80 percent of the surface is covered by parking lots, buildings, and other structures.	HIGHLY VARIABLE					
Urban land							
313A**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on footslopes, heads of drainageways and benches; developed in local wash and residuum from sericite and biotite schist and gneiss	slight	FAIR	POOR	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Sumerduck Variant silt loam		0.37, 032	high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	high water table			
0 - 2%		B					
313B**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on footslopes, heads of drainageways and benches; developed in local wash and residuum from sericite and biotite schist and gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Sumerduck Variant silt loam		0.37, 0.32	high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	high water table			
2 - 7%		B					
313C**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils on footslopes, heads of drainageways and benches; developed in local wash and residuum from sericite and biotite schist and gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Sumerduck Variant silt loam		0.37, 0.32	high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	high water table			
7 - 15%		B					
320B**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville loam, very stony		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C					

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			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
320C**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	High 0.32, 0.24 C	FAIR shallow to rock; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville loam, very stony 7 - 15%							
320D**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	High 0.32, 0.24 C	POOR shallow to rock; stones; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville loam, very stony 15 - 25%							
320E**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes; 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Tankerville loam, very stony 25 - 45%							
320F**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes; 0.1 – 3% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville loam, very stony 45 - 65%							
321C**	SEE MAP UNIT 130C						
325C**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on narrow summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	FAIR shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Hazel – Edgemont complex 7 - 15%							
325D**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel) and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	High 0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28 C - B	FAIR shallow to rock; steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL shallow to rock steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Hazel – Edgemont complex 15 - 25%							

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
325E**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils (Hazel)	Very High	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Hazel – Edgemont complex	and very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils (Edgemont) on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	0.32, 0.24 – 0.32, 0.28	very steep slopes; shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate - low Shrink-swell Potential: low	very steep slopes			
25 - 45%		C - B					
330C**	Moderately deep, excessively well drained, dark brown, loamy skeletal soil on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; contains greater than 35% coarse fragments in the subsoil; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite; predominantly found on the Cobbler mountain formations	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Peaks sandy loam; very stony		0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock; stoniness Bearing Capacity: high Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		C					
330D**	Moderately deep, excessively well drained, dark brown , loamy skeletal soil on moderately steep backslopes; contains greater than 35% coarse fragments in the subsoil; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite; predominantly found on the Cobbler Mountain formations	High	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Peaks sandy loam; very stony		0.24, 0.24	steep slopes; shallow to rock; stoniness Bearing Capacity: high Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock steep slopes			
15 - 25%		C					
330E**	Moderately deep, excessively well drained, dark brown, loamy skeletal soil on steep backslopes; contains greater than 35% coarse fragments in the subsoil; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite; predominantly found on the Cobbler Mountain formations	Very high	POOR	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Peaks sandy loam; very stony		0.24, 0.24	very steep slopes; shallow to rock; stoniness Bearing Capacity: high Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock very steep slopes			
25 - 50%		C					
340B**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Catoctin silt loam		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		C					
340C**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Catoctin silt loam		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	shallow to rock			
7 - 15%		B					

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR			SELECTED USES				
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
340D**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on moderately steep backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	High	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODEARTELY LOW	
Catoctin silt loam		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock steep slopes			
15 - 25%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
340E**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown loamy-skeletal soils containing more than 35% rock fragments in the subsoil on steep backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone	Very high	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Catoctin silt loam		0.32, 0.17	shallow to rock; very steep slopes	shallow to rock very steep slopes			
25 - 50%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
365B**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils with many stones and few boulders on undulating summits of ridges; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase.	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Montalto silty clay loam, extremely stony		0.32, 0.28	stoniness	percs slowly			
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
365C**	Very deep, well drained, red clayey soils with many stones and few boulders on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic diabase.	Moderate	FAIR	MARGINAL	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Montalto silty clay loam, extremely stony		0.32, 0.28	stoniness	percs slowly			
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
370B**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown loamy over clayey soils on gently sloping summits and footslopes; soil surface is covered by 4 – 15% stones; developed in colluvium over residuum from basalt and diabase; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Mt. Lucas loam, extremely stony		0.32, 0.28	intermittent high water table; stoniness	high water table			
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
374A**	Moderately deep, somewhat poorly drained, strong brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on broad, nearly level upland flats; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone, fine grained sandstone and shale	Slight	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Ashburn silt loam, wet phase		0.37, 0.24	intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content and/or shrink-swell clay in lower horizon	shallow to rock water table			
0 - 2%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
374B**	Moderately deep, somewhat poorly drained, strong brown silty soils with intermittent high water tables on broad, gently sloping upland flats; developed from thin fluvial capping over Triassic siltstone, fine grained sandstone and shale	Slight 0.37, 0.24 C	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content and/or shrink-swell clay in lower horizon Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Ashburn silt loam, wet phase 2 - 7%							
413B**	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, mottled yellowish-brown and gray clayey soils on footslopes, heads of drainageways and gently sloping benches; developed in local wash and residuum from sericite and biotite schist and gneiss; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	POOR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity; may have shrink-swell clay in subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Lignum Variant silt loam 2 - 7%							
413C**	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, mottled yellowish-brown and gray clayey soils on footslopes, heads of drainageways and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in local wash and residuum from sericite and biotite schist and gneiss; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	POOR Intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity; may have shrink-swell clay in subsoil Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Lignum Variant silt loam 7 - 15%							
415A**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on nearly level colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium from crystalline uplands	Slight 0.37, 0.28 B	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Seneca Variant loam 0-2%							
415B**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on gently sloping colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium from crystalline uplands	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 B	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
Seneca Variant loam 2 - 7%							

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MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
415C** Seneca Variant loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-brown loamy soils with intermittent high water tables on strongly sloping colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium from crystalline uplands	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 B	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
416A** Meadowville Variant silt loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils on nearly level colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials	Slight 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
416B** Meadowville Variant silt loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils on gently sloping colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
416C** Meadowville Variant silt loam 7 - 15%	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown to reddish-brown silty soils on strongly sloping colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium and local wash from acid rock materials	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY HIGH	
417B** Middleburg Variant loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils on gently sloping colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium from basic crystalline rock materials	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	PRIME CROPLAND	HIGH	
417C** Middleburg Variant loam 7- 15%	Very deep, well drained, brown loamy soils on strongly sloping colluvial benches and toeslopes; developed in recent colluvium from basic crystalline rock materials	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 B	GOOD Intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL landscape position	SECONDARY CROPLAND	HIGH	

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MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR			SELECTED USES	
			GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
420E**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes; 3 – 15% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville loam, extremely stony				shallow to rock very steep slopes			
25 - 45%							
420F**	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes; 3– 15% surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Tankerville loam, extremely stony				shallow to rock very steep slopes			
45 - 65%							
421B**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Moderate 0.24, 0.17 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Philomont sandy loam							
2 - 7%							
421C**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	high 0.24, 0.17 B	GOOD Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	GOOD	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Philomont sandy loam							
7- 15							
421D**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	high 0.24, 0.17 B	FAIR Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	MARGINAL steep slopes	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Philomont sandy loam							
15- 25							
421E**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Very high 0.24, 0.17 B	POOR very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR very steep slopes	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Philomont sandy loam							
25- 45							
421F**	Very deep, well drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes; developed in residuum from augen gneiss, granite gneiss and granite	Very high 0.24, 0.17 B	NOT SUITED very steep slopes Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	MODERATELY LOW	
Philomont sandy loam							
45- 65							

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425C**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Hazel fine sandy loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
7- 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
425D**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	High	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Hazel fine sandy loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock			
15- 25%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
425E**	Moderately deep, excessively drained, yellowish-brown coarse-loamy soils on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from arkosic sandstone and meta-graywacke	Very High	POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Hazel fine sandy loam		0.32, 0.24	shallow to rock; very steep slopes	shallow to rock			
25- 45%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	very steep slopes			
430B**	Moderately deep, well drained, dark brown coarse-loamy soil on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Chestnut sandy loam		0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
2 - 7%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
430C**	Moderately deep, well drained, dark brown coarse-loamy soil on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Chestnut sandy loam		0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock; steep slopes			
7 - 15%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low				
430D**	Moderately deep, well drained, dark brown coarse-loamy soil on moderately steep backslopes; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite;	High	POOR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Chestnut sandy loam		0.24, 0.24	shallow to rock; steep slopes	shallow to rock			
15 - 25%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	steep slopes			
430E**	Moderately deep, well drained, dark brown coarse-loamy soil on steep backslopes; developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite	Very high	VERY POOR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	LOW	
Chestnut sandy loam		0.24, 0.24	very steep slopes; shallow to rock	shallow to rock			
25 - 50%		B	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	very steep slopes			

Table. Summary of Soil Characteristics and Use Potential (**-- not part of official soil survey)

			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
430E3**	Moderately deep, well drained, dark brown, coarse-loamy soil on steep backslopes; most of the topsoil and subsoil has been eroded off, developed in residuum from coarse-grained granite	Very High 0.24, 0.24 B	VERY POOR very steep slopes; shallow to rock; severely eroded Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	NOT SUITED very steep slopes shallow to rock	NOT SUITED	LOW	
Chestnut sandy loam; severely eroded 25 - 50%							
434B**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-red clayey soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sericite, biotite schist and meta-monzonite granite	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	FAIR intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR high water table	PRIME CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Flume loam 2 - 7%							
434C**	Very deep, moderately well drained, yellowish-red clayey soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from sericite, biotite schist and meta-monzonite granite	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	FAIR intermittent high water table Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Flume loam 7 - 15%							
438A**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish- yellow loamy soils with high water tables on broad nearly level summits and slight depressions; may have shrink-swell clay in subsoil; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	VERY POOR high water table; possible shrink-swell clays Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
Swampoodle Variant loam 0 - 2%							
438B**	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish- yellow loamy soils with high water tables on broad undulating summits and slight depressions; may have shrink-swell clay in subsoil; developed in local colluvium and residuum from granitic rocks; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Moderate 0.32, 0.28 C	VERY POOR high water table; possible shrink-swell clays Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
Swampoodle Variant loam 2 - 7%							
440B**	Moderately deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, strong brown to yellowish red silty soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone to chloritic schist	Moderate 0.37, 0.32 C	FAIR shallow to rock, wetness Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate	POOR shallow to rock, wetness	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Pignut silt loam (wet phase) 2 - 7%							

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440C**	Moderately deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, strong brown to yellowish red silty soils on rolling summits and strongly sloping backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone to chloritic schist	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
Pignut silt loam (wet phase)		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock, wetness	shallow to rock, wetness			
7 - 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
440D**	Moderately deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, strong brown to yellowish red silty soils on moderately steep backslopes in highly dissected landscapes; developed in residuum from greenstone and chloritic schist	High	FAIR	POOR	PRIME PASTURE	MODERATE	
Pignut silt loam (wet phase)		0.37, 0.32	shallow to rock, wetness	shallow to rock, wetness			
15 - 25%		C	Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: moderate				
474A**	Deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown over reddish brown silty soils with seasonal perched water tables on broad, nearly level upland flats. Developed from old fluvial capping over triassic siltstone, and fine-grained sandstone	Slight	FAIR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Calverton silt loam		0.37, 0.24	Intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to high silt content.	Shallow restrictive layer; high seasonal/perched water table			
0-2%		C	Bearing capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
474B**	Deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish brown over reddish brown silty soils with seasonal perched water tables on gently sloping shoulders and heads of drainageways. Developed from old fluvial capping over triassic siltstone, and fine-grained sandstone	Moderate	FAIR	NOT SUITED	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
Calverton silt loam		0.37, 0.24	Intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet.	Shallow restrictive layer; high seasonal/perched water table			
2-7%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: low				
475A**	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-red, dense clayey soils on nearly level summits; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate, shale and fine-grained sandstone	Slight	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Tinpot loam		0.37, 0.28	high water table	high water table percs very slowly			
0-2%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high				
475B**	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained yellowish-red dense clayey soils on undulating summits; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate, shale and fine-grained sandstone	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Tinpot loam		0.37, 0.28	high water table	high water table; percs very slowly			
2 - 7%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high				
475C**	Very deep, moderately well to somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-red, dense clayey soils on strongly sloping backslopes; developed in residuum from Triassic conglomerate, shale and fine-grained sandstone	Moderate	FAIR	POOR	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
Tinpot loam		0.37, 0.28	high water table	high water table; percs very slowly			
7 - 15%		C	Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high				

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			USE POTENTIAL AND PROBLEMS FOR		SELECTED USES		
MAP. UNIT SYMBOL SOIL NAME SLOPE	SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	EROSION HAZARD K Factor (surface/subsoil) HYDROLOGIC GROUP	GENERAL DEVELOPMENT USING CENTRAL WATER AND CENTRAL SEWER	DEVELOPMENT USING CONVENTIONAL SEPTIC TANK AND DRAINFIELD	AGRICULTURE	FORESTRY (HARDWOOD)	LAND USE CAPABILITY CLASS
480B** Brentsville loam Variant 2 - 7%	Moderately deep, well drained, brown loamy soils on undulating summits and gently sloping backslopes, developed in residuum from Triassic sandstone and/or meta-shale	Moderate 0.28, 0.15 C	GOOD few problems Bearing Capacity: high Shrink-swell Potential: low	POOR shallow to rock	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATELY LOW	
481B** Brumbaugh Variant loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, moderately well drained, light yellowish-brown to strong brown clayey soils on footslopes and toeslopes of mountains and broad gently sloping interfluves; semi-rounded stones make up 5-50% of the soil; developed in old mountain colluvium from mixed acidic and basic rocks	Moderate 0.28, 0.20 B	FAIR intermittent high water table; low bearing capacity when wet due to shrink-swell clays Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	POOR high water table	SECONDARY CROPLAND	MODERATE	
482B** Scattersville Variant loam 2 - 7%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, brownish yellow and gray clayey soils on gently sloping footslopes; developed in colluvium from felsic to mafic rock	Moderate 0.37, 0.28 C	VERY POOR high water table; low bearing capacity when wet Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
493A** Delanco Variant loam 0 - 2%	Very deep, somewhat poorly drained, yellowish-brown clayey soils with high water tables on nearly level, low terraces along major streams; developed in old alluvium washed from uplands underlain by a wide variety of rocks common to the county; may have HYDRIC soil inclusions	Slight 0.28, 0.28 C	VERY POOR may be in 100 year floodplain; rare flooding; high water table; low bearing capacity when wet; shrink- swell clay Bearing Capacity: low Shrink-swell Potential: high	NOT SUITED high water table	SECONDARY PASTURE	MODERATELY LOW	
520F** Tankerville loam, rubbly 45 - 65%	Moderately deep, well drained, strong brown coarse-loamy soils on very steep backslopes; 15% or more surface stones; developed in residuum from granite, schist and gneiss	Very high 0.32, 0.24 C	VERY POOR shallow to rock; very steep slopes; stones Bearing Capacity: moderate Shrink-swell Potential: low	NOT SUITED shallow to rock very steep slopes	NOT SUITED	LOW	

